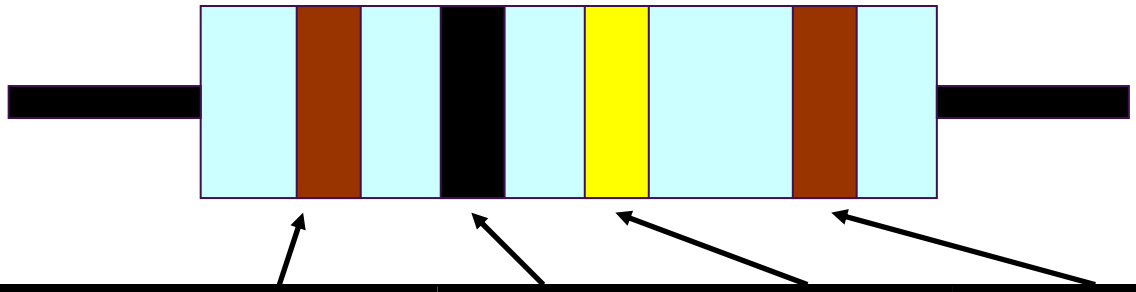
Resistors

A resistor is a device that opposes the flow of electrical current. The bigger the value of a resistor the more it opposes the current flow. The value of a resistor is given in Ω (ohms) and is often referred to as its 'resistance'.

Identifying resistor values



Band Colour	1st Band	2nd Band	Multiplier x	Tolerance
Silver			÷ 100	10%
Gold			÷ 10	5%
Black	0	0	1	
Brown	1	1	10	1%
Red	2	2	100	2%
Orange	3	3	1000	
Yellow	4	4	10,000	
Green	5	5	100,000	
Blue	6	6	1,000,000	
Violet	7	7		
Grey	8	8		
White	9	9		

Example: Band 1 = Red, Band 2 = Violet, Band 3 = Orange, Band 4 = Gold

The value of this resistor would be:
2 (Red) **7** (Violet) x **1,000** (Orange) = 27 x 1,000
= **27,000** with a 5% tolerance (gold)
= **27kΩ**

Too many zeros?

kilo ohms and mega ohms can be used:

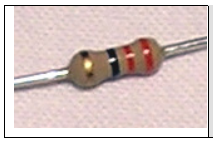
1,000Ω = 1k

1,000K = 1M

Resistor identification task

Calculate the resistor values given by the bands shown below. The tolerance band has been ignored.

1st Band	2nd Band	Multiplier x	Value
Brown	Black	Yellow	
Green	Blue	Brown	
Brown	Grey	Yellow	
Orange	White	Black	



Calculating resistor markings

Calculate what the colour bands would be for the following resistor values.

Value	1st Band	2nd Band	Multiplier x
180 Ω			
3,900 Ω			
47,000 (47k) Ω			
1,000,000 (1M) Ω			

What does tolerance mean?

Resistors always have a tolerance but what does this mean? It refers to the accuracy to which it has been manufactured. For example if you were to measure the resistance of a gold tolerance resistor you can guarantee that the value measured will be within 5% of its stated value. Tolerances are important if the accuracy of a resistors value is critical to a designs performance.

Preferred values

There are a number of different ranges of values for resistors. Two of the most popular are the E12 and E24. They take into account the manufacturing tolerance and are chosen such that there is a minimum overlap between the upper possible value of the first value in the series and the lowest possible value of the next. Hence there are fewer values in the 10% tolerance range.

E-12 resistance tolerance (± 10%)											
10	12	15	18	22	27	33	39	47	56	68	82

E-24 resistance tolerance (± 5 %)											
10	11	12	13	15	16	18	20	22	24	27	30
33	36	39	43	47	51	56	62	68	75	82	91

Answers

Resistor questions

1st Band	2nd Band	Multiplier x	Value
Brown	Black	Yellow	*100,000 Ω*
Green	Blue	Brown	*560 Ω*
Brown	Grey	Yellow	*180,000Ω*
Orange	White	Black	*39Ω*

Value	1st Band	2nd Band	Multiplier x
180 Ω	*Brown*	*Grey*	*Brown*
3,900 Ω	*Orange*	*White*	*Red*
47,000 (47k) Ω	*Yellow*	*Violet*	*Orange*
1,000,000 (1M) Ω	*Brown*	*Black*	*Green*