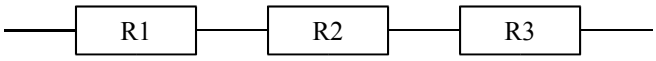
Resistors in series and parallel worksheet

Resistors in series

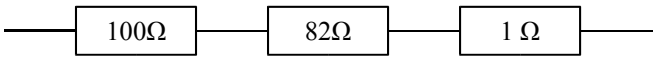
When resistors are connected one after each other this is called a series connection. This is shown below.



To calculate the total overall resistance of a number of resistors connected in this way you add up the individual resistances. This is gives the following formula:

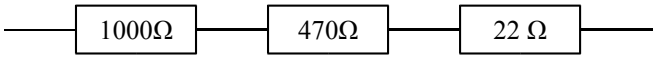
$Rtotal = R1 + R2 + R3$ and so on

Example: To calculate the total resistance for these three resistors in series



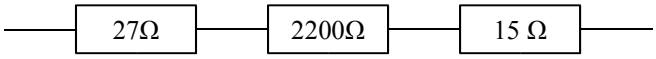
$$Rtotal = R1 + R2 + R3$$
$$= 100\,\Omega + 82\,\Omega + 1\,\Omega$$
$$= 183\,\Omega$$

Task 1: Calculate the total resistance of the following resistor in series



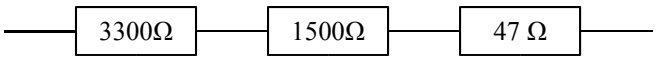
Rtotal = ……..

= ……...



Rtotal = ……..

= ……...

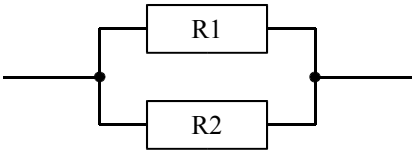


Rtotal = ……..

= ……...

Resistors in parallel

When resistors are connected across each other (side by side) this is called a parallel connection. This is shown below.

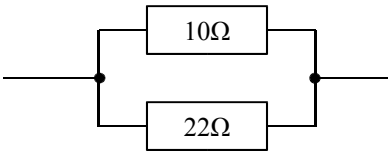


Two resistors in parallel

To calculate the total overall resistance of two resistors connected in this way you can use the following formula:

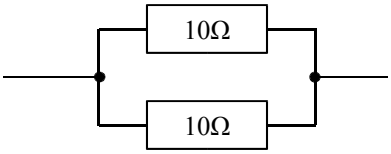
$$Rtotal = \frac{R1 \times R2}{R1 + R2}$$

Example: To calculate the total resistance for these two resistors in parallel

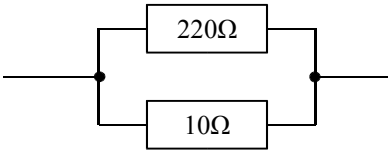


$$Rtotal = \frac{R1 \times R2}{R1 + R2} = \frac{10\Omega \times 22\Omega}{10\Omega + 22\Omega} = \frac{220\Omega}{32\Omega} = \mathbf{6.88\Omega}$$

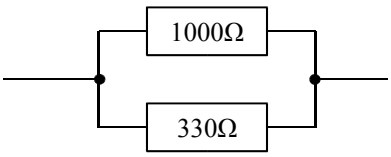
Task 2: Calculate the total resistance of the following resistors in parallel



$$Rtotal = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots \times \ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots\ldots} = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$

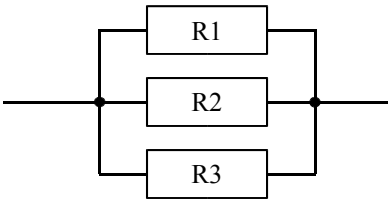


$$Rtotal = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots \times \ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots\ldots} = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$



$$Rtotal = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots \times \ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots\ldots} = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$

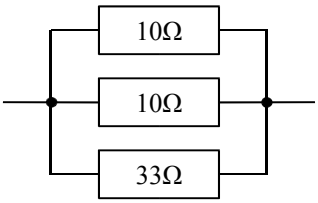
Three or more resistors in parallel



To calculate the total overall resistance of three or more resistors connected in parallel you can use the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{Rtotal} = \frac{1}{R1} + \frac{1}{R2} + \frac{1}{R3} + \text{ and so on}$$

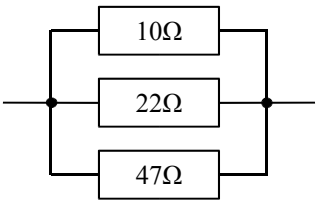
Example: To calculate the total resistance for these three resistors in parallel



$$\frac{1}{Rtotal} = \frac{1}{10\Omega} + \frac{1}{10\Omega} + \frac{1}{33\Omega} = 0.1\Omega + 0.1\Omega + 0.03\Omega = \mathbf{0.23\Omega}$$

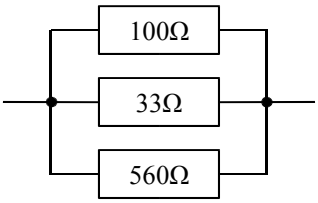
$$Rtotal = \frac{1}{0.23\Omega} = \mathbf{4.34\ \Omega}$$

Task 3: Calculate the total resistance of the following resistors in parallel



$$\frac{1}{Rtotal} = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots = \ldots\ldots\ldots$$

$$Rtotal = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$



$$\frac{1}{Rtotal} = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots = \ldots\ldots\ldots$$

$$Rtotal = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$

Answers

Task 1

1 = 1492 Ω
2 = 2242 Ω
3 = 4847 Ω

Task 2

1 = 5.00 Ω
2 = 9.57 Ω
3 = 248.12 Ω

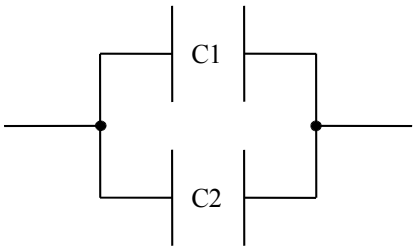
Task 3

1 = 6.00 Ω
2 = 23.76 Ω

Capacitors in series and parallel worksheet

Capacitors in parallel

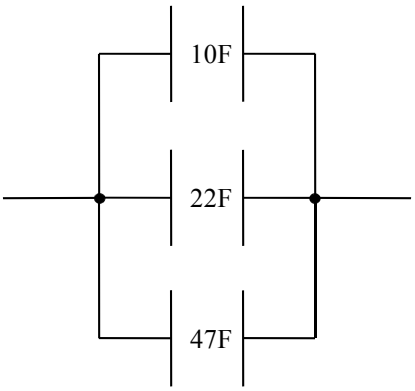
When capacitors are connected across each other (side by side) this is called a parallel connection. This is shown below.



To calculate the total overall capacitance of a number of capacitors connected in this way you add up the individual capacitances. This is gives the following formula:

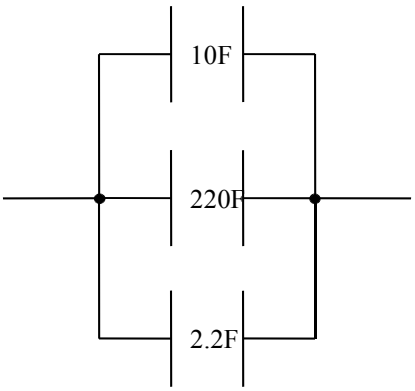
$Ctotal = C1 + C2 + C3$ and so on

Example: To calculate the total capacitance for these three capacitors in parallel

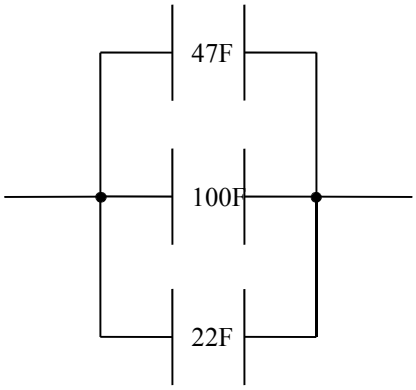


$$\begin{aligned} Ctotal &= C1 + C2 + C3 \\ &= 10\text{ F} + 22\text{ F} + 47\text{ F} \\ &= 79\text{ F} \end{aligned}$$

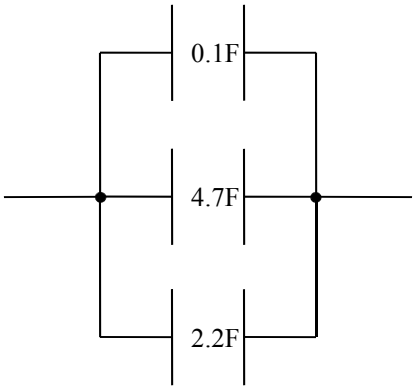
Task 1: Calculate the total capacitance of the following capacitors in parallel



$Ctotal =$ …….....
$=$ …….....



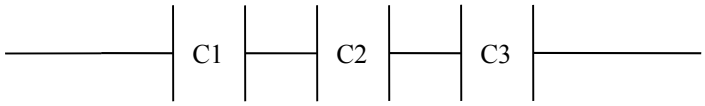
$Ctotal =$ ……....
$=$ ……...



$Ctotal =$ ……...
$=$ ……...

Capacitors in series

When capacitors are connected one after each other this is called a series connection. This is shown below.

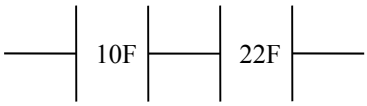


Two capacitors in parallel

To calculate the total overall capacitance of a of two capacitors connected in this way you can use the following formula:

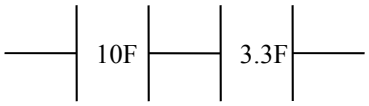
$$Ctotal = \frac{C1 \times C2}{C1 + C2}$$

Example: To calculate the total resistance for these two capacitors in series

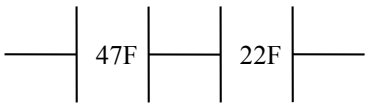


$$Ctotal = \frac{C1 \times C2}{C1 + C2} = \frac{10F \times 22F}{10F + 22F} = \frac{220F}{32F} = \mathbf{6.87F}$$

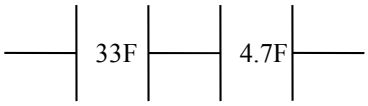
Task 2: Calculate the total capacitance of the following capacitors in series



$$Ctotal = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots \times \ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots\ldots} = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$

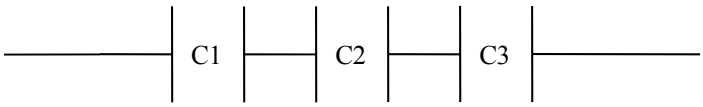


$$Ctotal = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots \times \ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots\ldots} = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$



$$Ctotal = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots \times \ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots\ldots} = \frac{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots}{\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$

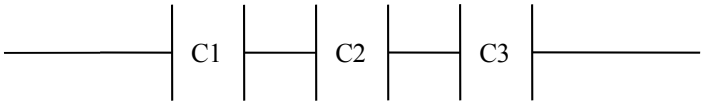
Two or more resistors in parallel



To calculate the total overall capacitance of three or more capacitors connected in this way you can use the following formula:

$$\frac{1}{Ctotal} = \frac{1}{C1} + \frac{1}{C2} + \frac{1}{C3} + \text{ and so on}$$

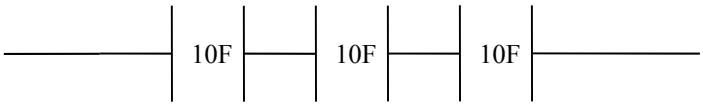
Example: To calculate the total capacitance for these three capacitors in series



$$\frac{1}{Ctotal} = \frac{1}{10F} + \frac{1}{10F} + \frac{1}{33F} \qquad = 0.1\text{F} + 0.1\text{F} + 0.03\text{F} = \mathbf{0.23F}$$

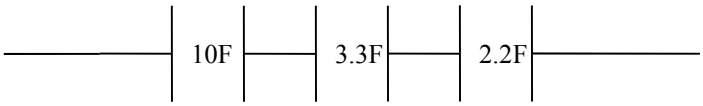
$$Ctotal = \frac{1}{0.23F} = \mathbf{4.35F}$$

Task 3: Calculate the total capacitance of the following capacitors in series



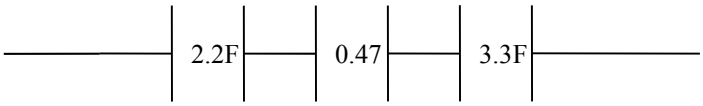
$$\frac{1}{Ctotal} = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots = \ldots\ldots\ldots$$

$$Ctotal = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$



$$\frac{1}{Ctotal} = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots = \ldots\ldots\ldots$$

$$Ctotal = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$



$$\frac{1}{Ctotal} = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} + \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots + \ldots\ldots = \ldots\ldots\ldots$$

$$Ctotal = \frac{1}{\ldots\ldots\ldots} = \ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$$

Answers

Task 1

1 = 232.2F
2 = 169.0F
3 = 7.0F

Task 2

1 = 2.48F
2 = 14.99F
3 = 4.11F

Task 3

1 = 3.33F
2 = 1.67F
3 = 0.35F

Note

The capacitor values in this worksheet have been kept high (close to or greater than one). This is to simplify the learning experience. In reality typical capacitor values are much smaller than one.